<u>Consideration</u>	<u>Proposal</u>
 Three stage process The full 3 stages total 80 working days if exhausted, which Officers generally do. Stage 2 is often not used effectively. 	 Reduce number of stages to 2 (recommended by the LGO) – reduced Officer hours and expedited process for complainant Reduce response time – for example, 10 working days. Max time from report to resolution should be 12 weeks (as stated in LGO guidance).
 Untimely responses For 2017/18 – 10 requests for extensions, 23 sent on the 20th working day = 45% of complaints. 	 Reduce response time –10 working days? Officers are encouraged to investigate the complaint more urgently. RISK – potential lack of thorough investigation, however, extensions could be requested. Extensions of time must be requested within 3 working days of receiving the complaint so that the complainant can be informed. This would also ensure that Officer's review the complaint at the earliest opportunity.
Urgent responses Some complaints need to be prioritised and may require a quicker response where there is a serious risk or effect on the complainant.	This should be identified by the complaints administrators and investigating Officer and a response issued quickly and accordingly.
Use of templates	All responses are sent to complaints administrators to review before sending to ensure compliance with the policy. This would also be an opportunity to proof read for errors etc.
Use of complaints co-ordinators within each service has proved ineffective. They often have little vested interest in the complaint and add a 'middle man' to the process. The complaints administrators are finding themselves chasing both co-ordinators and investigating Officers.	 Complaints administrators takes responsibility for sending acknowledgements and updating the complaints system. Create single point of contact for complaints for all services.
Vexatious/unreasonable complaints The Council have had difficulty dealing with vexatious complainants as the policy does not refer to how we define or handle these complaints.	An additional policy to address unreasonable complainants is required. Definition on how we ascertain if a complaint is unreasonable/vexatious, and how we manage this needs to be included. Guidance on this can be found https://www.lgo.org.uk/information-centre/reports/advice-and-guidance/guidance-notes/guidance-on-managing-unreasonable-complainant-behaviour .

New staff, with a responsibility for investigating complaints, have not been receiving training on the complaints policy or process.	 If a new member of staff is required to respond to complaints, the complaints administrators must be informed, and adequate training arranged. Regular (annual) refresher training should be conducted with all responsible Officers and front-line staff.
Informal complaints	 Consider Stage 0 complaints, rather than 'informal'. This may be effective when things can quickly be put right or if written correspondence isn't required. Complaints administrators should register Stage 0 complaints (if aware).
Complaints about policies	 Add a point to the 'What complaints aren't covered by this policy?'. There is little scope to investigate a complaint regarding how a person has been affected by Council policy. Complaints will be investigated if there is a believed breach of a policy, or where it is believed actions have been taken in the absence of a policy.